



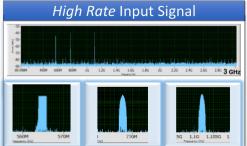






# **Sub-Nyquist Cognitive Radio System**

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FPGA Series Generator  $p_i(t)$ XILINX FPGA - VC707



Low Rate Aliased Signal

NI<sup>©</sup> PXIe-1065 with DC Coupled 4-Channel ADC

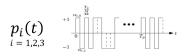


 $Signal\ ADC + DSP$ 

## **Mixing Series**

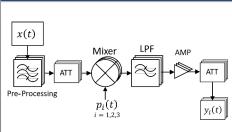
NI® USRP-2942R RF Generator

- The mixing series are generated at high rate and alias the signal's bands to baseband.
- Alternate between ±1 at rate 6.1GHz.
- Generated using XINLINX VC707 FPGA





The MWC Card



## **Digital Support & Signal Recovery**

- The transfer matrix A is produced by the calibration procedure.
- The Orthogonal Matching Pursuit (OMP) algorithm is used to detect the transmitted signal carriers.
- the signal slices are then reconstructed by inverting the matrix A reduced to the recovered support:

$$\mathbf{y}[n] = \mathbf{A}z_{s}[n] \implies \left[\hat{z}_{s}(f) = \mathbf{A}_{s}^{\dagger}\mathbf{y}(f)\right]$$

Support recovery and reconstruction occurs in real time



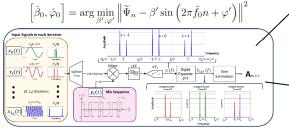
#### The Calibration Process

- · The calibration process estimates the transfer function of the system, the matrix A.
- In the *l*-th step, a sine wave is injected to the system:

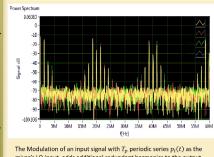
 $x_{l}(t) = \beta_0 \sin(2\pi (f_p l + f_0)t)$ 

- To recover the skewed coefficients of the expander we use linear combinations of the output samples.
- An estimation technique recovers the coefficients of the transfer matrix A.

· Least Squares (Trust Region method) minimizes the error according to:

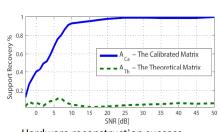


The autonomous calibration process flow chart.



mixer's LO input, adds additional redundant harmonics to the output mixed signal y[n]. When inserting sinusoid waves at rate  $kf_p+f_0$ , additional harmonics are present at  $f=m_1f_p\pm m_2f_0$ ,  $m_{1,2}\in {\bf Z}$ 

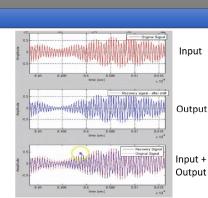
## Results



Hardware reconstruction success percentage of the calibrated matrix  $\mathbf{A}_{calibrated}$  vs. the theoretical  $\mathbf{A}_{Theory}$ .

0GHz 3GHz (a) Input Signal. 0GHz (b) Calibrated matrix full band reconstruction.

Correct support detection of the input signal, and full reconstruction, in frequency domain.



Full reconstruction in time domain

#### References

- Mishall, M., & Eldar, Y. C. (2010). From theory to practice: Sub-Nyquist sampling of sparse wideband analog signals. Selected Topics in Signal Processing, IEEE Journal of, 4(2), 375-391. Cordeiro, Carlos, et al. "IEEE 802.22: the first worldwide wireless standard based on cognitive radios." New Frontiers in Dynamic Spectrum Access Networks, 2005. DySPAN 2005. 2005 First IEEE International Symposium on. IEEE, 2005.

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